

April 3, 1986

LB 1007, 1048

Legislature is in recess until 1:30 p.m. this afternoon.

RECESS

SPEAKER NICHOL PRESIDING

SPEAKER NICHOL: Roll call, please.

CLERK: There is a quorum present, Mr. President.

SPEAKER NICHOL: Do you have anything to put in, Mr. Clerk?

CLERK: Mr. President, just one item and that is that Senator Chambers would like to add his name to 1048 as co-introducer.

SPEAKER NICHOL: All right. Anything else?

CLERK: Nothing further.

SPEAKER NICHOL: We will move on to LB 1007, please.

CLERK: Mr. President, LB 1007 was a bill introduced by the Agriculture and Environment Committee and signed by its members. (Read title.) The bill was introduced on January 14 of this year, Mr. President. It was referred to the Agriculture and Environment Committee for hearing. The bill was advanced to General File. There are committee amendments pending.

SPEAKER NICHOL: Senator Rod Johnson, are you going to take those committee amendments? Senator Remmers, excuse me.

SENATOR REMMERS: Yes. I don't believe Senator Johnson is here. He was coming but I will...

SPEAKER NICHOL: All right, yes, please go ahead, Senator Remmers.

SENATOR REMMERS: ...take the bill. The bill really clears up some language that has given a little problem in the past. And, basically, the bill itself just clarifies some language in the grain buyer act. And in order for a seller to have recourse to the grain dealer's security, the seller must demand that payment from the dealer be forthcoming within 10 days of the dealer's taking possession of the seller's grain. Some of that wording